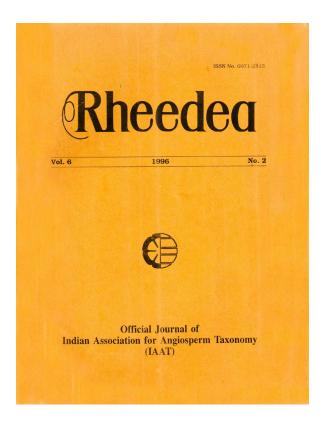


# *Impatiens sivarajanii* - A new species of Balsaminaceae from Silent Valley National Park, Kerala, India

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# Impatiens sivarajanii - A new species of Balsaminaceae from Silent Valley National Park, Kerala, India

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### **Abstract**

A new species of Impatiens L. viz., I. sivarajanii is described and illustrated.

# INTRODUCTION

The genus *Impatiens* L. with over 430 species is distributed mainly in the mountains of tropical Asia and Africa. It has its greatest development in moist subtemperate areas of Indian region viz., the Himalayas in the North, and Western Ghats and a part of Eastern Ghats in the South. Out of the 200 species that occur in India, about 86 species are found in the Western Ghats (Nair, 1991), of which most are endemic to this region; and some of them have recently been reported to be highly endangared. As far as this genus is concerned, Western Ghat region is the main area of speciation. According to Bhaskar (1981) Western Ghat region is the second richest area in the Indian subcontinent, and perhaps in the world, with respect to the distribution of species of *Impatiens*.

During the study on the epiphytic flora of the Western Ghats, one epiphytic balsam has been found to be new to the science and is described in this paper.

# Impatiens sivarajanii Muktesh et Stephen, sp. nov. (Fig.1)

Impatiens agumbeana Bhaskar & Razi affinis, in laminis glabris, floribus cremeoalbis, labello late obovato, calcare brevissimo c. 2 mm longo apice obtuso, petalorum lateralium lobo distali minute bilobulato, lobo basali sine auricula dorsali, seminibus aurantiacis evittatis glabris praeter apices ambos differt.

Type: India, Kerala, Palghat Dist., Silent Valley National Park, below Sispara, 1750 m, 26.8.95, Stephen 007885 (Holotype - KFRI).

Epiphytic scapigerous perennial tuberous herb, ca. 10 cm high; tubers white with light violet tinge on the upper side. Leaves 1-2, radical, petiole 4-5 cm long, filiform, lamina ovate, 4.5-5 x 2.4-2.7 cm, apex acute or acuminate, base subcordate, oblique,

# Muktesh Kumar and Stephen Sequiera

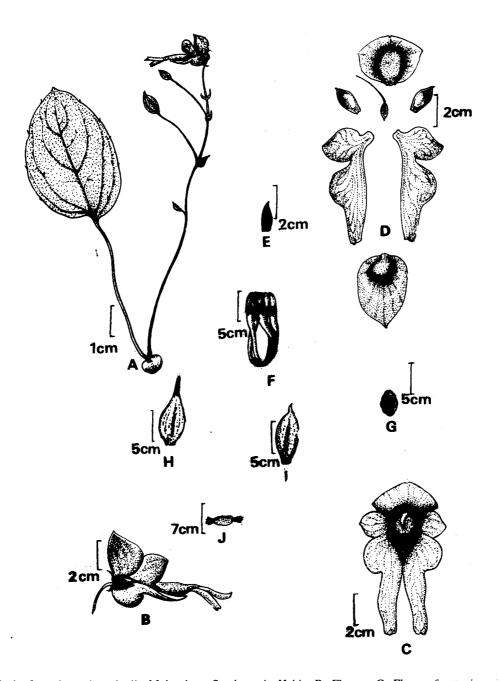


Fig.1. Impatiens sivarajanii Muktesh et Stephen. A. Habit; B. Flower; C. Flower front view; D. Floral parts; E. Bract; F. Androecium; G. Anther - top view; H. Gynoecium; I. Capsule; J. Seed.

# Impatiens sivarajanii - A new species of Balsaminaceae

margins distantly subcrenate, glabrous except the nerves, crenules minutely apiculate; venation reticulate. Inflorescene 1- 3- flowered raceme, Peduncle/scape ca. 10 cm long, slender; bracts linear lanceolate, 4.5-4.9x1.4-1.9 mm, acuminate, glabrous; pedicels 1-4-1.8 cm long; filiform, glabrous. Flowers ca. 2 x 1.25 cm, creamy white; lateral sepals ovate-elliptic, 0.5x2.5 mm, acute or acuminate, glabrous, green. Lip widely obovate, acuminate, concave, 1.2 x 0.75 mm, glabrous; spur very short, ca. 2 mm, tip rounded. Dorsal petal widely depressed, obovate, concave, 0.75 x 1 cm, glabrous; lateral petals 3-lobed, 1.75 x 0.9 cm; basal lobe ovate-oblong, obtuse at apex; middle lobe more or less confluent with distal one; venation open, dichotomous. Stamens 5, united, ca. 4 mm long; anther I mm long. Ovary ovate - elliptic, 3 x 1.4 mm, apex acute, glabrous; stigma sessile, toothed, Capsule oblong-ovate, 3 x 1 mm, apex beaked, glabrous, many-seeded. Seeds narrowly elliptic, 0.8 x 0.3 mm, orange, glabrous except the tips, not banded, tips tufted ciliate.

Allied to *Impatiens agumbeana* Bhaskar & Razi, but differs in having glabrous lamina; creamy white flower, widely obovate lip; very short spur with rounded tip; distal lobe of lateral petals minutely 2- lobuled; basal lobes of lateral petals without dorsal auricle; and seeds orange, glabrous except at both ends, not banded. A comparison of major characters of *Impatiens agumbeana* and *I. sivarajanii* is given in Table 1.

Table 1. Comparison of major characters of *Impatiens agumbeana* Bhaskar & Razi and *Impatiens sivarajanii* Muktesh et Stephen.

| Impatiens agumbeana                    | Impatiens sivarajanii                                  |
|--|--|
| Lamina pubescent above                 | Lamina glabrous except the nerves                      |
| Flowers pink                           | Flowers creamy white                                   |
| Bracts linear or ovate                 | Bracts linear-lanceolate                               |
| Lip flat, spathulate, ca. 4 mm long    | Lip widely obovate, concave, ca . 1.2 mm long          |
| Spur very short ca.2 mm long, slightly | Spur very short, ca. 2 mm long, tip rounded            |
| curved, obtuse, cylindrical            |  |
| Standard petal orbicular               | Standard petal obovate                                 |
| Lateral petals 1.1 cm long, basal lobe | Lateral petals 1.7 cm long, basal lobe distinct, ovate |
| distinct, ovate, tip rounded,          | oblong, obtuse at apex, dorsal auricle absent,         |
| dorsal auricle prominent,              | distal lobe minutely 2-lobuled                         |
| distal lobe not lobuled.               |  |
| Seeds oblong, brownish, hairs          | Seeds narrowly elliptic or oblong, orange,             |
| dense and elongated at                 | glabrous except the tips, not banded.                  |
| either ends, spirally banded           |  |

# Muktesh Kumar and Stephen Sequiera

Distribution: Endemic to Silent Valley, Palghat Dist., Kerala, India.

Habitat and Ecology: Epiphytic, growing on moss-clad tree trunks at altitudes of 1750-1800 m.

Flowering and fruiting: August-October.

Etymology: The species is named after (Late) Prof. V.V Sivarajan, who has made very valuable contribution to angiosperm systematics.

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