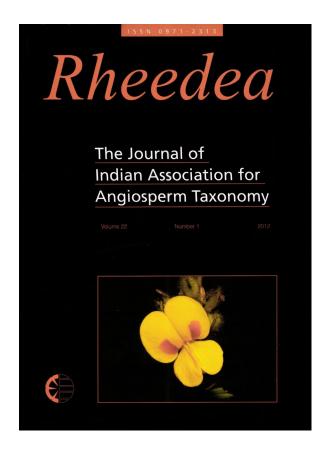




# Kobresia kansuensis (Cyperaceae): An addition to flora of India

Bikash Jana & R.C. Srivastava



How to cite:

Jana B. & R.C. Srivastava 2012. Kobresia kansuensis (Cyperaceae): An addition to flora of India. Rheedea 22(1): 68-70.

https://dx.doi.org/10.22244/rheedea.2012.22.01.15

Received: 21.12.2011 Revised and accepted: 09.06.2012

Published in print: 30.06.2012 Published Online: 30.06.2012





## Kobresia kansuensis (Cyperaceae): An addition to flora of India

Bikash Jana\* and R.C. Srivastava

Botanical Survey of India, C.G.O. Complex, 3rd MSO Building, 5th Floor, Salt Lake City, Kolkata – 700 064, West Bengal, India.

\*E-mail: bikash.janadp@rediffmail.com

#### **Abstract**

Kobresia kansuensis Kük. (Cyperaceae) is reported for the first time from India. A detailed description with nomenclature, distribution and an illustration of the species is provided.

Keywords: Addition, Cyperaceae, India, Kobresia

#### Introduction

Kobresia Willd. comprises c. 65 species, distributed in Northern hemisphere, especially in the higher altitudes of Himalayas (Govaerts & Simpson, 2008); few are in Europe and America (Mabberley, 2008). In Asia, it is mainly distributed in India, China, Nepal, Bhutan, Malaysia and Pakistan. There are 32 species and 5 varieties in India (Karthikeyan et al., 1989), confined to Eastern (Sikkim, Arunachal Pradesh and West Bengal) and Western Himalayan (Kashmir, Himachal Pradesh and Uttarakhand) regions. During the revision of Kobresia Willd. in India, the authors came across a specimen (D. Maity 23093) collected from Thila in Sikkim had identified as K. pseuduncinoides Noltie and housed at BSHC (Fig. 2). Kobresia pseuduncinoides has been treated as a synonym of K. kansuensis Kük. by Govaerts & Simpson (2007).

A scrutiny of literature (Clarke, 1894; Kükenthal, 1909, 1930; Koyama, 1978; Karthikeyan, 1989; Rajbhandari & Ohba, 1991; Noltie, 1994; Srivastava, 1996; Govaerts & Simpson, 2007; Chowdhery et al., 2009; Noltie & Shuren, 2010) revealed that this species is not reported from India and known so far only from China, Nepal and Bhutan. A distributional map available at www. gwannon.com shows the species is also distributed in India but without any precise locality. However, a scrutiny of literature as well as the Indian herbaria revealed that there is neither a report nor a representative specimen (except for the present one) of this species available. Therefore, it is reported here as an addition to the sedge flora of India.

Kobresia kansuensis Kük., Acta Horti Gothob. 5: 38. 1930; Zhang Shuren & Noltie in Z. Wu & P.H. Raven, Fl. China 23: 274. 2010. *K. pseuduncinoides* Noltie, Edinburgh J. Bot. 50: 47. 1993 & Fl. Bhutan 3: 337. 1994.

Herbs, perennial. Rhizomes short, thick, woody, covered with brownish scales. Culms tufted, erect, 10.3(-70) cm high, 2(-6) mm in diam. (incl. inflorescence), acutely triquetrous. Leaves basal, equaling culms; blade flat, sometimes folded at base, 3 – 4 cm across; midrib distinct below. Inflorescence densely paniculate, c.  $7.3 \times 2 - 2.3$  cm, narrowly oblong to lanceolate with 8 simple branches, brown or dark brown. Lowest involucral bract glume-like, aristate, not exceeding inflorescence. Terminal spikelets of inflorescence branches male; lower one bisexual with unisexual female spikelets. Glumes of female spikelets oblongelliptic,  $(5-)10-11\times(2-)4$  mm excluding 1.5-2 mm long arista, narrowly hyaline at margins near apex, strongly aristate at apex, brown; midvein yellowish green. Prophylls narrowly oblong, c.  $(4.5 -)8 \times 1$  mm, 2-keeled; keels minutely scabrid, margin open to base, yellowish green. Male glumes elliptic-oblong,  $c. 9 \times 2$  mm, hyaline at margins, mucronate at apex, scabrid, yellowish brown. Stamens 3; filaments slender, c. 5 mm long, whitish hyaline; anthers c.  $3.5 \times$ 0.5 mm, brownish black. Styles slender, c. 3 mm long, 3-fid; ovary oblong, c. 3 mm long. Racheola c. 4 mm

*Flowering & Fruiting*: June – July.

*Distribution*: India (Thila, Sikkim), Bhutan, China and Nepal.

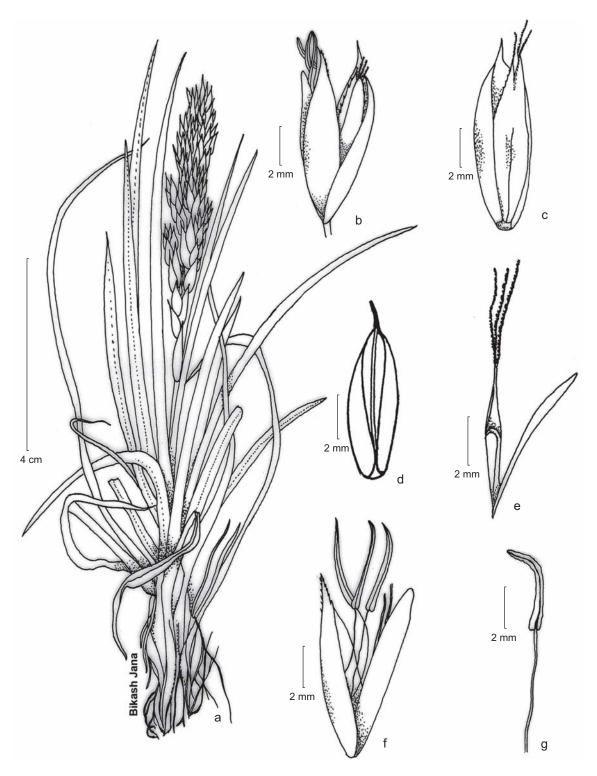


Fig. 1. *Kobresia kansuensis* Kük.: a. Habit; b. Male and female spikelets; c. Female spikelet; d. Female glume; e. Gynoecium; f. Male spikelet; g. Stamen.



Fig. 2. Scanned image of herbarium specimen (D. Maity 23093, BSHC) of *Kobresia kansuensis* Kük.

Specimens examined: CHINA, China borealioccidentalis, Kansu Province, T'ao River basin', Swampy meadow of mountains, west of Adjuan, 3500 m, October, 1925, J.F. Rock 13714 (Isotype, A!). INDIA, Sikkim, North Sikkim district, Thila, 4000 m, 13.7.2000, D. Maity 23093 (BSHC).

### Acknowledgements

Authors are grateful to Dr. Paramjit Singh, Director, Botanical Survey of India, Kolkata, for facilities. Thanks are also due to In-charges and staff of CAL and BSHC and Dr. H.J. Noltie, Royal Botanic Garden, Edinburgh, UK, for encouragement and help.

#### Literature Cited

Chowdhery, H.J., Giri, G.S., Pal, G.D., Pramanik, A. & S.K. Das 2009. Cyperaceae. In: Chowdhery, H.J., Giri, G.S. & A. Pramanik (Ed.), Materials for the Flora of Arunachal Pradesh. Vol. 3. Botanical Survey of India, Kolkata. pp. 245 - 270.

- Clarke, C.B. 1894. Kobresia Willd. In: Hooker, J.D. (Ed.), The Flora of British India. Vol. 6. L. Reeve & Co. Ltd., London. pp. 696 – 702.
- Govaerts, R. & D.A. Simpson 2007. World Checklist of Cyperaceae. Sedges. Royal Botanic Gardens, Kew.
- Karthikeyan, S., Jain, S.K., Nayar, M.P. & M. Sanjappa 1989. Florae Indicae Enumeratio: Monocotyledonae. Botanical Survey of India, Calcutta. pp. 58 - 60.
- Koyama, T. 1978. Kobresia Willd. In: Hara, H., Stearn, W.T. & L.H.J. Williams (Ed.), An Enumeration of the Flowering Plants of Nepal. Vol. 1. Trustees of British Museum (Natural History), London. pp. 112 – 114.
- Kükenthal, G. 1909. Kobresia Willd. In: Engler, H.G.A. (Ed.), Das Pflanzenreich. Heft 38. Engelmann-Cramer, Weinheim. pp. 40 – 48.
- Kükenthal, G. 1930. Kobresia kansuensis Kükenthal. Acta Horti Gothob. 5: 38.
- Mabberley, D.J. 2008. Mabberley's Plant-Book. A portable dictionary of plants their classification and uses. Third Edition. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge.
- Noltie, H.J. 1994. Kobresia Willd. Flora of Bhutan. Vol. 3(1). Royal Botanic Gardens, Edinburgh. pp. 333 – 352.
- Noltie, H.J. & Shuren, Z. 2010. Kobresia Willd. In: Wu, Z.Y. & P.H. Raven (Ed.), Flora of China. Vol. 23. Science Press, Beijing & Missouri Botanical Garden Press, St. Louis. pp. 269 – 285.
- Rajbhandari, K.R. & H. Ohba 1991. A revision of the genus Kobresia Willdenow (Cyperaceae) in Nepal. In: Ohba, H. & S.B. Malla (Ed.), The Himalayan Plants. Vol. 2. University of Tokyo Press, Tokyo. pp. 117 – 167.
- Srivastava, R.C. 1996. Cyperaceae. In: Hajra, P.K. & D.M. Verma (Ed.), Flora of Sikkim. Vol. 1. Botanical Survey of India, Calcutta. pp. 198 – 237.

Received: 21.12.2011

Revised and Accepted: 9.6.2012